

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/Supplier: KATILAC COATINGS INC.

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Phone:905-637-2931

www.katilaccoatings.com

.....1-613-996-6666 (International use)

Poison Control:.....1-800-268-9017

Revision Date:......January 15, 2021
Print Date:January 15, 2021

Version Number:.....3

Product:......D9N SERIES SUMMIT NEUTRAL CONVERSION VARNISH

Product Use: INDUSTRIAL LACQUER

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Target Organs:

Respiratory system, reproductive, central nervous system, skin, eyes.

GHS Classification:

Flammable Liquids (Cat. 3)

Acute Toxicity Inhalation (Cat. 4)

Skin Irritation (Cat. 2)

Serious Eye Damage (Cat. 1)

Skin Sensitizer (Cat. 1A)

Carcinogenicity (Cat. 1)

Reproductive Toxicity (Cat. 2)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity- Single Exposure (Cat. 3) - Central Nervous System, Respiratory

Irritation

Aspiration Hazard (Cat. 1)

GHS Label Elements, including precautionary statements:

Pictogram:









Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement(s):

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour

H332: Harmful if inhaled

H315: Causes skin irritation

H318: Causes serious eye damage

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction

H350: May cause cancer

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H335: May cause respiratory irritation

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Precautionary Statement(s):

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - No smoking

P233: Keep container tightly closed

P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

P242: Use only non-sparking tools

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

P362+364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P271: Use only in a well-ventilated area

P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P302+352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water

P333+313: If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P301+310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting

P308+313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P405: Store locked up

P403+235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool

P370+378: In case of fire: Use foam, water fog, dry chemical and/or carbon dioxide to extinguish

P501: Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, provincial, state, and federal regulations

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT	CAS NUMBER	%
Xylene	1330-20-7	15.00-40.00
Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4	5.00-10.00
Urea, Formaldehyde Polymer, isobutylated	68002-18-6	10.00-30.00
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	0.00-0.50
Isobutanol	78-83-1	5.00-10.00
Butanol	71-36-3	1.00-5.00
Melamine P/W Formaldehyde, butylated	68002-25-5	5.00-10.00
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl Acetate	108-65-6	0.00-5.00
Ethanol	64-17-5	0.00-0.50

Refer to Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation:

This product is (extremely) flammable. Take proper precautions (e.g. remove any sources of ignition). Take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment). Quickly transport victim to an emergency care facility.

Ingestion:

Never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Have victim drink 60-240 mL (2-8 oz.) of water. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Have victim rinse mouth with water again. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should immediately begin artificial respiration (AR) or, if the heart has stopped, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED). Quickly transport victim to an emergency care facility.

Eves:

Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves if necessary. Quickly and gently blot or brush chemical off the face. Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15-20 minutes, while holding the eyelid(s) open. If a contact lens is present, do not delay irrigation or attempt to remove the lens. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Immediately obtain medical attention.

Skin:

As quickly as possible, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). (Note: It may be necessary to store contaminated clothing under water until it can be safely decontamination or discarded.) Remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with lukewarm gently flowing water and non-abrasive soap for 5 minutes. If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Obtain medical advice. Completely decominate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard.

Note to Physician:

Treatment should be based on sound judgement of physician and individual reactions of patient.

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media:

Carbon dioxide, alcohol foam, water fog, dry chemical.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers or structures.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Avoid static discharge conditions. Vapours formed from this product may travel or be moved by air currents and ignited by pilot lights, light switches, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharges or other ignition sources at locations close or distant from the product. Never use welding or cutting torch on, or near drum (even empty) as product (even residue) can ignite explosively. All containers, including pails, drums, tank cars & trucks should be grounded and/or bonded when material is transferred. When using this product it is important that the gas at main leading to the premises must be shut off. All other ignition sources must be completely eliminated. In reference to the Ontario Fire Code Section 4.1.5.9(1), states that this product shall not be stored, handled or used in basements or pits.

Hazardous Combustion Products:

Carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide. Nitrogen oxide, formaldehyde, ammonia and hydrogen chloride.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.

Environmental Precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Dike and contain spills. Do not let product enter drains.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean Up:

Contain and/or dike spills. Absorb with inert material, place in a suitable container. Report and dispose of according to local regulations.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage:

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated area. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage and evaporation.

Handling:

Use in a well ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Use explosion-proof tools, equipment, and ventilation system. Keep away from sources of ignition. Take measures to prevent the build-up of electrostatic charge. Always ground and bond containers.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold Limit Value: 20 ppm ACGIH est. (Butanol)

Engineering Controls:

Use local, mechanical, explosion proof exhaust and/or ventilation system to avoid exposure and vapour accumulation.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Respiratory Protection:

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, use an approved respirator for the concentration and type of hazardous materials in the workplace. Use respirators and components tested and approved under the appropriate government standards. Use respirators as backup to engineering controls if necessary.

Hand Protection:

Handle with gloves to minimize skin contact. Inspect gloves prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching the glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash hands thoroughly.

Eye Protection:

Safety glasses and/or face shield. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under the appropriate government standards.

Protective Clothing:

Impervious clothing, flame retardant, antistatic protective clothing. The type of protective equipment should be selected according to the concentration and amount of hazardous materials at each specific workplace.

Additional Measures:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of the workday.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL PROPERITES

Physical State:.....Liquid

Appearance/Odour: Neutral with solvent odour

Odour Threshold: Not available

Viscosity:......45-65 seconds #4 Ford Cup

Melting/Freezing Point: Not available Vapour Pressure: Not available Evaporation Rate: Not available

Specific Gravity: 1.0167 +/- 0.01 gms/cc @ 25°C

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

Stable.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide. Nitrogen oxide, formaldehyde and ammonia.

Materials to Avoid:

Strong oxidizing agents, alkali metals, strong acids, bases, halogens, ammonia.

Hazardous Reactions:

No data.

Conditions to Avoid:

Heat, flames and sparks.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT	LD50	LC50	HRS
Xylene	3523 mg/kg	5000 ppm	4
Ethyl Benzene	3500 mg/kg	4000 ppm	4
Urea, Formaldehyde Polymer, isobutylated	>2000 mg/kg	>5 mg/L	4
Formaldehyde	100 mg/kg	250-478 ppm	4
Isobutanol	2640 mg/kg	>8000 ppm	4
Butanol	790 mg/kg	8000 ppm	4
Melamine P/W Formaldehyde, butylated	>5000 mg/kg	not available	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl Acetate	8532 mg/kg	not available	-
Ethanol	7060 mg/kg	31623 ppm	4
		11.03% of total product has unknown toxicity	

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Rabbit - skin irritation - 24 hour

Serious eye damage/irritation:

A component of this product tested: Rabbit - blindness - OECD test guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Can cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Not expected to be mutagenic in humans.

Carcinogenicity:

IARC has classified Formaldehyde as a human carcinogen, Group 1.

IARC has classified Ethyl Benzene as a possible human carcinogen, Group 2B.

Reproductive toxicity:

Excessive exposure during pregnancy may be hazardous to the developing fetus. May cause fetotoxic effects both in the presence and absence of maternal toxicity, based on animal studies.

Teratogenicity:

May cause teratogenic/embryotoxic effects at high doses.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure):

May cause central nervous system depression. May cause respiratory system irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure):

Not classified as a repeat exposure hazard.

Aspiration hazard:

Classified as an aspiration hazard.

Potential Health Effects:

Inhalation:

Excessive inhalation of vapours can cause nasal and respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects, including dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, blurred vision and possible unconsciousness.

Ingestion:

Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Can cause central nervous system effects including; dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, blurred vision and possible unconsciousness. Liquid aspirated into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis.

Skin:

Prolonged and repeated contact can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in irritation and dermatitis.

Eyes:

Can cause severe irritation. Symptoms include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling and blurred vision. May cause conjunctivitis.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

Can cause central nervous system effects, including dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, blurred vision and possible unconsciousness.

Synergistic effects:

No data.

Additional information:

May cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. CNS depression is characterized by headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting and incoordination. Blood platelet count may be reduced upon exposure to xylene which is reversible when exposure is stopped.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Fate and Distribution:

Prevent from entering drains, sewers, streams or other bodies of water. If runoff occurs, notify authorities as required.

Aquatoxicity:

LC50 (Pimephales Promelas) 13.4 mg/L, flow-through, 96H est. (Xylene) LC50 (Oncorhynchus Mykiss) 2.661-4.093 mg/L, static, 96H est. (Xylene)

Persistence and degradability:

No data.

Bioaccumulative potential:

No data.

Mobility in soil:

No data.

Other adverse effects:

May be toxic to aquatic life with potentially long lasting effects.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal:

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at a licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated Packaging:

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since empty containers may retain product residue, follow any label warnings even after container is emptied.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

A scientific determination was concluded based on formulation ingredients on January 15, 2021 to define the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Classifications.

SECTION 15 - REGULATIONS

This material is included on the DLS (Canadian Domestic Substance List) under the CEPA (Canadian Environmental Protection Act).

This material has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

This material meets TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory requirements.

Contents of this SDS comply with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

LEGEND TO ABBREVIATIONS:

CAS: CHEMICAL ABSTRACT SERVICES

IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER

LC: LETHAL CONCENTRATION

LD: LETHAL DOSE

TDG: TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS

TLV: THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE

VOC: VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND

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